Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A digital image processing method for real-time automatic abnormality detection of in vivo images, comprising the steps of:
- a) forming an examination bundlette of a patient that includes real-time captured in vivo images and image specific metadata relating to only a portion of a gastrointenstinal tract at a specific time;
- b) <u>real-time image</u> processing <u>of image packets within</u> the examination bundlette;
- c) automatically detecting <u>and analyzing</u> one or more abnormalities in the examination bundlette's <u>real-time captured images using image processing algorithms in cooperation with based on predetermined criteria for the patient; and</u>
- d) signaling an alarm provided that the one or more abnormalities in the examination bundlette have been automatically detected.
- 2. (Original).. The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of forming the examination bundlette, includes the steps of:
- a1) forming an image packet of the real-time captured in vivo images of the patient;
 - a2) forming patient metadata; and
- a3) combining the image packet and the patient metadata into the examination bundlette.
- 3. (Original).. The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of processing the examination bundlette, includes the steps of:
- b1) separating the in vivo images from the examination bundlette; and
- b2) processing the in vivo images according to selected image processing methods.

- 4. (Original).. The method claimed in claim 3, wherein the selected image processing methods include color space conversion and/or noise filtering.
- (Original).. The method claimed in claim 4, wherein the color space conversion converts the in vivo images from RGB space to generalized RGB space.
- 6. (Original).. The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of automatically detecting the one or more abnormalities in the examination bundlette includes the steps of:
- c1) detecting parameters that exceed a given threshold of physical data as identified in the in vivo images.
- 7. (Original).. The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of automatically detecting the one or more abnormalities includes the steps of:
- c1) detecting parameters that are substantially different from a given geometric template of physical data as identified in the in vivo images.
- 8. (Original).. The method claimed in claim 6, wherein the given threshold is based on statistical data according to the predetermined criteria.
- 9. (Original).. The method claimed in claim 7, wherein the geometric template is formed by training a template according to the predetermined criteria.
- 10. (Original) The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of signaling the alarm includes the steps of:
 - d1) providing a communication channel to a remote site; and
 - d2) sending the alarm to the remote site.
- 11. (Original) The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of signaling the alarm includes the steps of:

- d1) providing a communication channel to a local site; and
- d2) sending the alarm to the local site.
- 12. (Currently Amended) ---- A digital image processing system for real-time automatic abnormality detection of in vivo images, comprising:
- a) means for forming an examination bundlette of a patient that includes real-time captured in vivo images and image specific metadata relating to only a portion of a gastrointenstinal tract at a specific time;
- b) means for <u>real-time image</u> processing <u>of image packets within</u> the examination bundlette;
- c) means for automatically detecting and analyzing one or more abnormalities in the examination bundlette 's real-time captured images using image processing algorithms in cooperation with based on predetermined criteria for the patient; and
- d) means for <u>automatically</u> signaling an alarm provided that the one or more abnormalities in the examination bundlette have been detected.
- 13. (Original) The system claimed in claim 12, wherein the means for forming the examination bundlette, further comprises:
- a1) means for forming an image packet of the real-time captured in vivo images of the patient;
 - a2) means for forming patient metadata; and
- a3) means for combining the image packet and the patient metadata into the examination bundlette.
- 14. (Original) The system claimed in claim 12, wherein the means for processing the examination bundlette, further comprises:
- b1) means for separating the in vivo images from the examination bundlette; and
- b2) means for processing the in vivo images according to selected image processing methods.

- 15. (Original) The system claimed in claim 14, wherein the selected image processing methods include color space conversion and/or noise filtering.
- 16. (Original) The system claimed in claim 15, wherein the color space conversion converts the in vivo images from RGB space to generalized RGB space.
- 17. (Original) The system claimed in claim 12, wherein the means for automatically detecting abnormalities further comprises:
- c1) means for detecting parameters that exceed a given threshold of physical data as identified in the in vivo images.
- 18. (Original) The system claimed in claim 12, wherein the means for automatically detecting abnormalities further comprises:
- c1) means for detecting parameters that are substantially different from a given geometric template of physical data as identified in the in vivo images.
- 19. (Original) The system claimed in claim 17, wherein the given threshold is based on statistical data according to the predetermined criteria.
- 20. (Original) The system claimed in claim 18, wherein the geometric template is formed by training a template according to the predetermined criteria.
- 21. (Original) The system claimed in claim 12, wherein the means for signaling the alarm further comprises:
- d1) means for providing a communication channel to a remote site; and
 - d2) means for sending the alarm to the remote site.
- 22. (Original) The system claimed in claim 12, wherein the means for signaling the alarm further comprises:

- d1) means for providing a communication channel to a local site; and
 - d2) means for sending the alarm to the local site.
- 23. (Original) An in vivo camera for employing real-time automatic abnormality detection of in vivo images, comprising:
- a) means for forming an examination bundlette of a patient that includes real-time captured in vivo images;
 - b) means for processing the examination bundlette;
- c) means for automatically detecting one or more abnormalities in the examination bundlette based on predetermined criteria for the patient; and
- d) means for signaling an alarm provided that the one or more abnormalities in the examination bundlette have been detected.